

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

No: HW15073120

CUSTOMER: 资普电子 DATE: 2015-8-3

**PATNAME:** Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors

Series/Spec: HP SERIES

User
Approved by

# CHANGZHOU HUAWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD

Prepared	Checked	Approved
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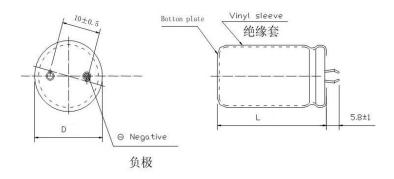
## Table

Rated Voltage (VDC)	Capacitance (µF)	Dimension (D×L, mm)	tgδ	Leakage Current (μA)	Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz (A)
400	47	22*20	0.20	188	0.31
400	68	22*25	0.20	272	0.50
450	68	22*25	0.20	306	0.49
400	82	22*30	0.20	328	0.64
450	100	22*30	0.20	450	0.60
450	100	22*40	0.20	450	0.67
450	100	25*25	0.20	450	0.64
400	120	22*30	0.20	480	0.64
450	120	25*30	0.20	540	0.80
400	150	22*40	0.20	600	0.88
450	150	25*35	0.20	675	0.88
400	180	25*30	0.20	720	0.91
450	180	30*35	0.20	810	1.06
250	220	22*30	0.15	550	0.93
400	220	25*40	0.20	880	1.10
400	220	30*35	0.20	880	1.19
450	220	25*45	0.20	990	1.12
450	220	30*40	0.20	990	1.18
400	330	30*40	0.20	1320	1.47
400	330	35*35	0.20	1320	1.50
400	470	35*45	0.20	1500	1.99
450	470	35*50	0.20	1500	1.85
400	560	35*50	0.20	1500	2.21
250	680	25*50	0.15	1500	2.03
400	680	35*60	0.20	1500	2.59
450	680	35*60	0.20	1500	2.45
200	820	30*40	0.15	1500	2.15
250	820	30*45	0.15	1500	2.19
200	2200	35*60	0.15	1500	4.80

### - Scope

## **HP TYPE** (Snap in)

### 二、Case size table



Unit: (mm)

ØD +1	22 25		30	35	
L +2.0	20,25,30, 40	25,30, 35,40,45,50	35,40,45	35,40,60	

ØD 0+1	35
L +3.0	50

## 三、**Specifications**

Item	Performance Characteristics													
Operating temperature	-40℃ ~+105℃						-25℃ ~+105℃							
Rated voltage range	16 ~ 100 V						160 ~ 500 V							
Capacitance tolerance (120Hz, +20°C)	±20% (120Hz, +20°C)													
Leakage current		I ≤0.01CV(μA)or 1.5mA 5mins 取较小值(after 5 minutes,Whichever is smaller)												
Dissipation factor		U <sub>R</sub> (	(V)	16		25	35		50	63~100	16	60~250	350~450	
(tg $\delta$ ) (+20°C, 120Hz)		tg	δ	0.50	0	.40	0.35		0.30	0.20		0.15	0.20	
Temperature Characteristics (Impedance ratio at 120Hz)		U <sub>R</sub> (V) Z-25°C/+20°C			16~1 4		160~250		~450 8					
(Impedance ratio at 120Hz)				Z-40	)℃/+2	0°C	15		-		-			
Surge voltage	W.\ S.V		16 20	25 32	35 44	50 63	63 79	100		200 250	250 300	400 450	450 500	500 550
Load life	Capacitance Leakage cu	After applying rated voltage with specified ripple current for 2000 hours at +105°C and then resumed 16 hours:  Capacitance change: ±20% Initial measured value  Leakage current:   Initial specified value  Stimes Initial specified value												
Shelf life	Capacitance Leakage cu	iter storage for 1000 hours at +105°C , U <sub>R</sub> to be applied for 30 minutes and then resumed 16 hours apacitance change : ±20% Initial measured value sakage current :  issipation factor :   2 times Initial specified value sissipation factor :   2 times Initial specified value												

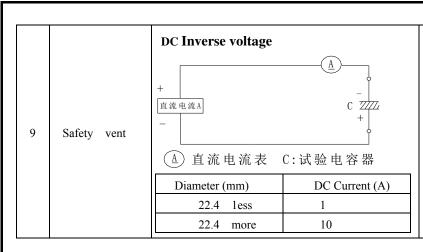
## 四、Ripple Current Multiplier

## Frequency coefficient

Freq.(Hz)	50	120	1K	10K	≥50K
10~100	0.90	1.00	1.15	1.25	1.35
160~500	0.80	1.00	1.30	1.41	1.43

### 五、Tests

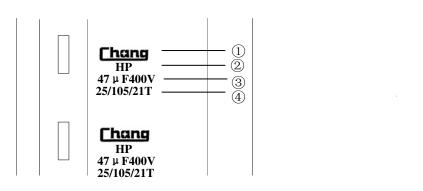
No	Item	Test Conditions	Requirements		
		At 15~35°C, 1000 cycles of 30s on and 330s off.		le damage	
1	1 Carros V-14-			$\pm$ 15% Initial measured value	
1	Surge Voltage			≤ Initial specified value	
			I	≤ Initial specified value	
		After applying rated voltage with specified ripple	Δ C/C	$\pm 20\%$ Initial measured value	
2	Load Life	current for 2000 hours at +105°C and then resumed	tg δ	≤ 2times Initial specified value	
		16 hours.	I	≤ Initial specified value	
		After stance for 1000 hours at 1105°C II to be	Δ C/C	$\pm 20\%$ Initial measured value	
3	Shelf Life	After storage for 1000 hours at $+105^{\circ}$ C,U <sub>R</sub> to be applied for 30 minutes and then resumed 16 hours.	tg δ	≤2times Initial specified value	
		applied for 50 minutes and their resumed 10 hours.	I	≤ Initial specified value	
4	Tension	IEC 60384 – 4 Test Ua	Performa	ance of capacitor shall not have changed	
<u> </u>	Strength	Loading force 10N for 10S	and leads shall be undamaged.		
5	Solder ability	IEC 60384–4 Test Ta:Tank temperature : 245± 5°C; Impregnating depth:≥95% of the total lead wire; Impregnating depth:3±0.5s		d wire is coated by tin and wet; ating coverage rate≥95%	
	5	IEC 603848 –4 Test Ta:Tank temperature:280 ±	No visible damage; marking legible. $\triangle$ C/C $\le \pm$ 5%.		
6	Resistance to soldering heat	5 °C for 10seconds; Tank temperature:380 $\pm$ 10 °C for 3seconds		$\leq \pm 10\%$ of Initial measured value	
	soldering heat	Tank temperature: $380 \pm 10$ °C for 3 seconds Impregnating depth: $1.5 \sim 2.0$ mm.	Tg δ	≤Initial specified value	
		Impregnating deput. 1.5 -2.0mm.	I	≤Initial specified value	
			No visi marking	ble damage; no leakage of electrolyte;	
7	Stable Humidity	ble Humidity  IEC 60384 –4 Test Ca:21 days at 40°C ,RH 90 to	Δ C/C	$\leq \pm 20\%$ Initial measured value.	
		95 %,no voltage applied.		≤1.2 Initial specified value	
			I	≤1.2 Initial specified value	
Resistance to vibration IEC 60384 – 4 Test Fc : Frequency:10~55Hz,Sweep rate: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz in about 1 No visible damage ; no leak minute;Amplitude:1.5mm;3 direction,2hours per direction.				ble damage; no leakage of electrolyte; legible.	



- (1) Not appear detonate and be on fire
- (2) Vent should be opened, the gas not be allowed be set free from rubber
- (3) the case and the pistil of the capacitor can't be splashed

It's is not eligible if the vent can't be open when the test be lasted out for 30 minutes.

#### 六、 Marking



No.	Item
1	Brand
2	Products type
3	Products specification
4	Climate Category (PET Sleeve)

#### 七、Guidelines For Using Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor

Upon using Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors, please proper handing and observing to following important points will insure optimum capacitor performance and long life.

- 1. DC electrolytic capacitors are polarized.
  - Make sure of the polarity. The polarity is marked on the body of the capacitor .Application of the reversed voltage cause a short circuit or damage to the capacitor. Use bipolar capacitors when the polarity is not determined or unknown. Note that DC electrolytic capacitors can not be used for AC application.
- 2. Do not apply voltage greater than rated voltage.
  - If a voltage exceeding the rated voltage is applied, the leakage current will increase, which damage the capacitor. Recommended working voltage is 70 to 80 percent of tatted voltage. Using capacitors at recommended working voltage prolongs capacitor life.
- 3. Do not allow excessive ripple current through the capacitor.
  - The flow of ripple current over permissible ripple current will cause heat of the capacitor, which may decrease the capacitance and damage the capacitor. Ripple current on the capacitor must be at or bellow allowable level.

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- 4. Use specially designed capacitors for the circuits where charge and discharge are frequency repeated.
  In the circuit subjected to rapid charge cycles, capacitors may be damaged; its life may be shortened by capacitance decrease, heat rise, ect. Be sure and use special capacitors in these applications.
  5. Operating temperature range.

  The characteristics of capacitors change with the operating temperature. The capacitance and leakage current increase.
  - The characteristics of capacitors change with the operating temperature. The capacitance and leakage current increase and  $tg\delta$  decrease at higher temperatures. The capacitance and leakage current decrease and  $tg\delta$  at increase lower temperature. Usage at lower temperature will ensure longer life.
- 6. Check operating frequency.
  The capacitance of electrolytic capacitors is usually measured at 100Hz or 120Hz. However, remember that capacitance decrease and tgδ increase as the applied frequency becomes higher whereas the ambient temperature becomes higher.
- 7. To keep good solderbility, Please send the product storage period in one year of less than control.
- 8. The capacitor case is not insulated from the cathode terminal.

  The capacitor's case and cathode terminal connect through the electrolyte. If the case is to be completely insulated, that insulation must be at the capacitor's mounting point.
- 9. Do not apply excessive force to the terminals and leads.

  The excessive strong force applied to the terminals and lead wires may cause leads to break or terminals to separate and, in turn, cause the internal contact to fail.

# Hazardous substances management table of contents

Tuna	Nama/Frailigh)	Test result			
Туре	Name(English)	Yes	No		
	Lead and its compounds		ND		
	Cadmium and its compounds		ND		
Level A-I	Mercury and its compounds		ND		
Level A-I	Hexavalent chromium and its compounds		ND		
	Polybrominated biphenyls		ND		
	Polybrominated diphenylethers		ND		
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)		No		
	Polychlorinated naphthalene (PCN)		No		
	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)		No		
	Short-chain Chlorinated paraffin (SCCP)		No		
	Asbestos and its compounds		No		
Level A-II	Ozone Depleting Substances		No		
	Azo compounds		No		
	Nickel and its compounds		No		
	Specific Organic tin compounds		No		
	Arsenic and its compounds		No		
	Formaldehydes		No		
	Poly vinyl chloride(PVC)		YES		
	Phthalates		ND		
	Beryllium and its compounds		No		
	Antimony and its compounds		No		
Level B	Selenium and its compounds		No		
	Palladium and its compounds		No		
	Bismuth and its compounds		No		
	Other chlorinated flame retardants		No		
İ	Other brominates flame retardants		No		