Approved by:

Checked by:

Issued by:

# **SPECIFICATION**

## PRODUCT: SAW RESONATOR

MODEL: HDR868.35M(S2)



SHOULDER ELECTRONICS LIMITED

## 1. SCOPE

This specification shall cover the characteristics of 1-port SAW resonator with 868.35M used for remote-control security.

## 2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

DC Voltage VDC	10V
AC Voltage Vpp	10V50Hz/60Hz
Operation temperature	-20°C to +85°C
Storage temperature	-45°C to +85°C
<b>RF</b> Power Dissipation	0dBm

Electronic Characteristics

Item		Unites	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Center Frequency		MHz	868.100	868.350	868.600
Insertion Loss		dB		1.1	1.5
Quality Factor Unload Q				12800	
$50\Omega$ Loaded Q				2,000	
Temperature	Turnover Temperature	°C	24	39	54
Stability	Turnover Frequency	KHz		fo+207	
	Freq.temp.Coefficient	ppm/°C2		0.037	
Frequency Aging		ppm/yr		<±10	
DC. Insulation Resistance		MΩ	1.0		
	Motional Resistance R1	Ω		15	23
RF Equivalent	Motional Inductance L1	μH		82.3481	
RLC Model	Motional Capacitance C1	pF		1.64228	
Pin 1 to Pin 2 Staic Capacitance		pF		2.7	
Transducer Static Capacitance		nH		10.83	

# **3. TEST CIRCUIT**



## **4. DIMENSION**

4-1 Typical dimension(unit: mm)



Dimensions	Millimeters		Inches		
	Min	Мах	Min	Max	
A		5.97		0.235	
В		3.94		0.155	
С		2.16		0.085	
D	0.94	1.10	0.037	0.043	
E	0.83	1.20	0.033	0.047	
F	1.16	1.53	0.046	0.060	
G	0.94	1.10	0.037	0.043	
Н	0.43	0.59	0.017	0.023	
к	0.43	0.59	0.17	0.023	
м		5.31		0.209	
N	0.38	0.64	0.015	0.025	
Р		3.28		0.129	

4-2 Typical circuit board land patter



## 5. ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 5-1 Temperature cycling

Subject the device to a low temperature of  $-40^{\circ}$ C for 30 minutes. Following by a high temperature of  $+25^{\circ}$ C for 5 Minutes and a higher temperature of  $+85^{\circ}$ C for 30 Minutes. Then release the device into the room conditions for 1 to 2 hours prior to the measurement. It shall meet the specifications in table 1.

#### 5-2 Resistance to solder heat

Submerge the device terminals into the solder bath at  $260^{\circ}$ C  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C for  $10\pm 1$  sec. Then release the device into the room conditions for 4 hours. It shall meet the specifications in table 1.

5-3 Solderability

Submerge the device terminals into the solder bath at  $245^{\circ}$ C  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C for 5s, More than 95% area of the soldering pad must be covered with new solder. It shall meet the specifications in table 1.

#### 5-4 Mechanical shock

Drop the device randomly onto the concrete floor from the height of 1 m 3 times. the filter shall fulfill the specifications in table 1.

5-5 Vibration

Subject the device to the vibration for 2 hour each in x,y and z axes with the amplitude of 1.5 mm at 10 to 55 hz. The filter shall fulfill the specifications in table 1.

#### 5-6 Gross Leak Test

Submerge the device to absolute alcohol for at least 1 minute at +70 to +75 °C. No bubbles Should be seen. Measure the leak rate. Failure is defined if the leak rate exceeds  $1X10^{-5}$  atm cc/sec Helium. Refer to MIL – STD - 202F, Method 112 for test details.

#### 5-7 Fine Leak Test

Failure is defined if the leak rate exceeds  $1X10^{-5}$  atm cc/sec Helium. Refer to MIL – STD - 202F, Method 112 for test details.

### 6. REMARK

6.1 Static voltage

Static voltage between signal load & ground may cause deterioration & destruction of the component. Please avoid static voltage.

6.2 Ultrasonic cleaning

Ultrasonic vibration may cause deterioration & destruction of the component. Please avoid ultrasonic cleaning

#### 6.3 Soldering

Only leads of component may be soldered. Please avoid soldering another part of component.