#### I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

#### **DESCRIPTION**

M52743BSP is semiconductor integrated circuit for CRT display monitor.

It includes OSD blanking, OSD mixing, retrace blanking, wide band amplifre, brightness control.

Main/sub contrast and OSD adjust function can be controlled by  $I^2C$  bus.

#### **FEATURES**

•	Freque	ency band width:	RGB	150MHz (at -3dB)
	•	•		80MHź
	Input	:RGB		0.7Vp-p (typ.)
	•	OSD		3VP-P minimum (positive)
		BLK (for OSD)		3VP-P minimum (positive)
		Retrace BLK		3VP-P minimum (positive)
	Output	t :RGB		5.5V <sub>P-P</sub> (max.)
		OSD		5V <sub>P-P</sub> (max.)

- Main contrast and sub contrast can be controlled by I<sup>2</sup>C bus.
- Include internal and external pedestal clamp circuit.

#### **STRUCTURE**

Bipola silicon monolisic IC

#### **APPLICATION**

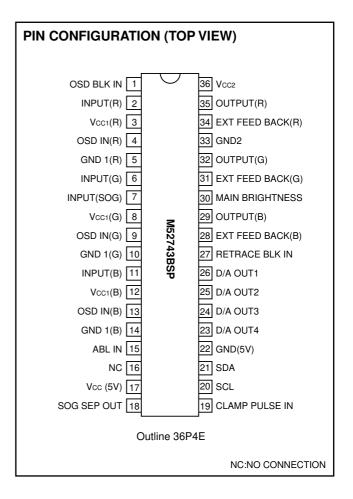
CRT display monitor

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Supply voltage range	11.5 to 12.5V (V3, V8, V12, V36)
	4.5 to 4.4V (V17)
Rated supply voltage	12.0V (V3, V8, V12, V36)
	5.0V (V17)

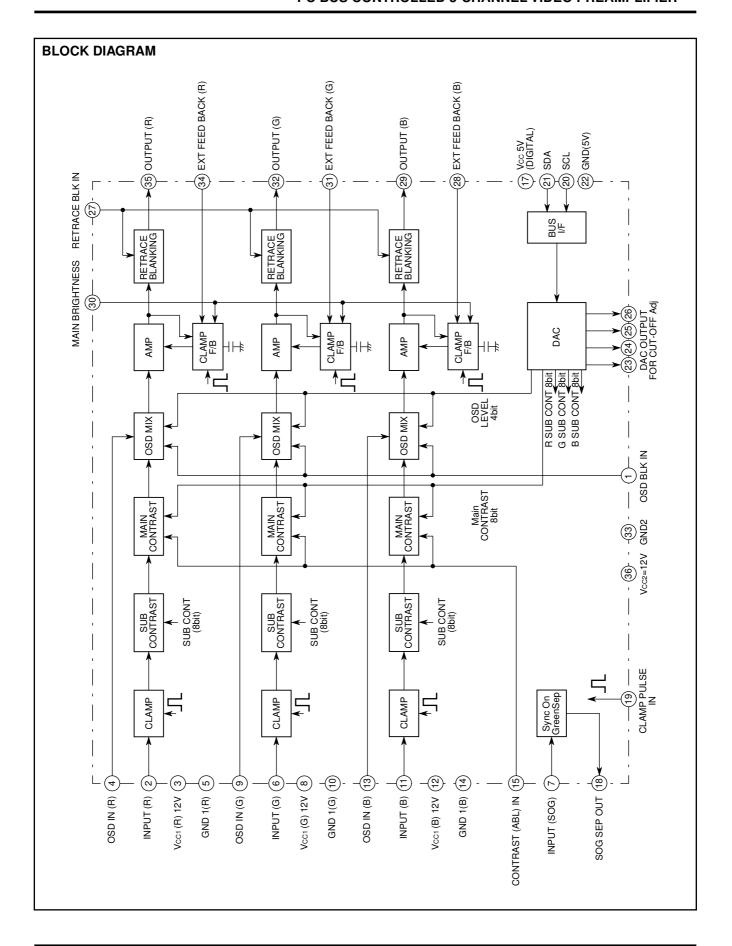
#### **MAJOR SPECIFICATION**

Bus controlled 3ch video pre-amp with OSD mixing function and retrace blanking function



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# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	13.0	V
Pd	Power dissipation	2403	mW
Topr	Ambient temperature	-20 to +75	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Vopr	Recommended supply	12.0	V
Vopr'	Voltage range	10.5 to 12.5	V
θјс	Case temperature	22	°C/W

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc=12V, 5V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

		Test				Input			l	TL age				В	US	C.	ΓL	(H)						Limits	3	
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	2,6,11 RGB in	1 OSD BLK	4,9,13 OSD in	19 CP in	27 ReT BLK	7 SOG in	30 Bri- ght	15 ABL	00H Main cont	01H Sub cont 1	Sub	Sub con	OSE	BLI	( D/A	D/	A D/	A JT (	D/A D/A DUT 4	0BH INT EXT	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc1	Circuit current1	la	а	а	а	b SG5	а	а	4.0	5.0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255			001	1 FFI 255				FFH 255	00H 0	-	110	130	mA
ICC2	Circuit current2	lв	а	а	а	b SG5	а	а	4.0	5.0													_	18	22	mA
Vomax	Output dynamic range	OUT	b SG2	а	а	b SG5	а	а	Vari able	5.0	V												6.0	8.0	_	V <sub>P-P</sub>
Vimax	Maximum input	IN OUT	b SG2 Variable	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	64H 100												1.6	-	_	VP-P
Gv	Maximum gain	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255												16.5	17.7	19.7	dB
ΔGv	Relative max- imum gain	_	1	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-												0.8	1.0	1.2	-
Vc1	Main contrast control characteristics1	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	C8H 200												14.5	16.0	17.5	dB
ΔVc1	Main contrast control relative characteristics1	_	ı	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_												0.8	1.0	1.2	-
Vc2	Main contrast control characteristics2	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	64H 100												8.5	10.0	11.5	dB
ΔVC2	Main contrast control relative characteristics2	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_												0.8	1.0	1.2	_
Vсз	Main contrast control characteristics3	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	14H 20												0.2	0.4	0.6	V <sub>P-P</sub>
ΔVсз	Main contrast control relative characteristics3	-	ı	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	V	V										0.8	1.0	1.2	_
Vsc <sub>1</sub>	Sub contrast control characteristics1	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255	C8H 200	C8H 200	C8F 200									14.8	16.3	17.8	dB
ΔVsc1	Sub contrast control relative characteristics1	-	ı	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_									0.8	1.0	1.2	-
Vsc2	Sub contrast control characteristics2	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255	64H 100	64H 100	64H 100									11.1	12.6	14.1	dB
ΔVsc2	Sub contrast control relative characteristics2	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_									0.8	1.0	1.2	-
Vsc3	Sub contrast control characteristics3	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255	14H 20	14H 20	14H 20									1.4	1.7	2.0	V <sub>P-P</sub>
ΔVsc3	Sub contrast control relative characteristics3	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					$\prod_{i}$		V	V	0.8	1.0	1.2	

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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (cont.)

		Test				Input			C volt					В	US	СТ	L (	H)					Limits	3	
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	2,6,11 RGB in	1 OSD BLK	4,9,13 OSD in	19 CP in	27 ReT BLK	7 SOG in	30 Bri- ght	15 ABL	00H Main cont	01H Sub cont 1	02H Sub cont 2	03H Sub cont 3	04H OSD Adj	05H BLK Adj	06H D/A OUT 1	D/A	D/A	. D/A	H OBH	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit
VMSC	Main/sub contrast control characteristics2	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0	C8H 200	C8H 200	C8H 200	C8H 200	00H 0	00H 0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255			3.2	3.8	4.4	V <sub>P-P</sub>
ΔVMSC	Main/sub contrast control relative characteristics2	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-								0.8	1.0	1.2	_
ABL1	ABL control characteristics1	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	4.0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255								3.8	4.6	5.4	V <sub>P-P</sub>
∆ABL1	ABL control relative characteristics1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_												0.8	1.0	1.2	_
ABL2	ABL control characteristics2	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	2.0												2.2	2.7	3.2	VP-P
ΔABL2	ABL control relative characteristics2	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_												0.8	1.0	1.2	_
V <sub>B1</sub>	Brightness control characteristics1	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	а	а	4.0	5.0												3.3	3.7	4.1	V
Δ <b>V</b> B1	Brightness control relative characteristics1	-	_	_	İ	_	Ī	_	_	-												-0.3	0	0.3	-
VB2	Brightness control characteristics2	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0												1.5	1.8	2.1	V
ΔVB2	Brightness control relative characteristics2	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_												-0.3	0	0.3	-
V <sub>B</sub> 3	Brightness control characteristics3	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	а	а	1.0	5.0												0.7	0.9	1.1	V
ΔVвз	Brightness control relative characteristics3	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	V											-0.3	0	0.3	-
Fc1	Frequency characteristics1 (f=50MHz)	OUT	b SG3	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0	Va ria ble											-2.0	0	2.5	dB
ΔFc1	Frequency relative characteristics1 (f=50MHz)	_	-	-	ı	I	ı	-	_	I	_	V	V			V	V	V	V	V		-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Fc1'	Frequency characteristics1 (f=150MHz)	OUT	b SG3	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0	Va ria ble		FFH 255	FFH 255	00H 0	00H 0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255			-3.0	0	3.0	dB
ΔFC1'	Frequency relative characteristics1 (f=150MHz)	_	_	-	-	_	_	_														-1.0	0	1.0	dB
FC2	Frequency characteristics2 (f=150MHz)	OUT	b SG3	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0												-3.0	3.0	5.0	dB
ΔFc2	Frequency relative characteristics2 (f=150MHz)	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	J											-1.0	0	1.0	dB
C.T.1	Crosstalk 1 (f=50MHz)	OUT(29) OUT(32)	2bSG3 6a 11a	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0	FFH 255											_	-25	-20	dB
C.T.1'	Crosstalk 1 (f=150MHz)	OUT(29) OUT(32)	2bSG3 6a 11a	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0												_	-15	-10	dB
C.T.2	Crosstalk 2 (f=50MHz)	OUT(29) OUT(35)	2a 6bSG3 11a	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0									$\prod$	$\prod$	$\prod$	_	-25	-20	dB
C.T.2'	Crosstalk 2 (f=150MHz)	OUT(29) OUT(35)	2a 6bSG3 11a	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0										$\parallel$	$\coprod$	_	-15	-10	dB
C.T.3	Crosstalk 3 (f=50MHz)	OUT(32) OUT(35)	2a 6a 11bSG3	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0										$\prod$		_	-25	-20	dB
C.T.3'	Crosstalk 3 (f=150MHz)	OUT(32) OUT(35)	2a 6a 11bSG3	а	а	a 5V	а	а	Vari able	5.0	<b>↓</b>	$ \downarrow$	$ \downarrow$		$ \downarrow$	<b> </b>	$ \downarrow$		$ \downarrow$			_	-15	-10	dB

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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (cont.)

		Test				Input			C volt	TL age				ı	BUS	S C	TL	. (H	l)					I	Limits	;	
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	2,6,11 RGB in	1 OSD BLK	4,9,13 OSD in	19 CP in	27 ReT BLK	7 SOG in	30 Bri- ght	15 ABL	00H Main cont	Sub	Sub	Su t co	ib OS	D BI	K [	D/A	D/A	08H D/A OUT 3	09H D/A OUT 4		т	lin.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit
Tr	Pulse characteristics1 (4V <sub>P-P</sub> )	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	Vari able	5.0	Va ria ble	255	FFI 255	H FF	H 00	H 00	)H F	FH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	00H		_	1.7	_	ns
Tf	Pulse characteristics2 (4V <sub>P-P</sub> )	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	Vari able	5.0	Va ria ble													-	3.0	_	ns
VthCP	Clamp pulse threshold voltage	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5 Variable	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255													1.0	1.5	2.0	V
WCP	Clamp pulse minimum width	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5 Variable	а	а	2.0	5.0													(	0.2	0.5	1	μs
Росн	Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics1	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0													-;	3.0	0	0.3	V
PDCL	Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics2	OUT	b SG1	а	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0						1							-7	3.0	0	0.3	V
OTr	OSD pulse characteristics1	OUT	а	а	b SG6	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					80									-	3.0	6.0	ns
OTf	OSD pulse characteristics2	OUT	а	а	b SG6	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					80									-	3.0	6.0	ns
Oaj1	OSD adjust control characteristics1	OUT	а	b SG6	b SG6	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					0F	H 5							1	4.6	5.4	6.2	VP-P
∆Oaj1	OSD adjust control relative characteristics1	_	_	-	1	_	_	_	_	-				İ	-	-							1	8.0	1.0	1.2	_
Oaj2	OSD adjust control characteristics2	OUT	а	b SG6	b SG6	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					80								:	2.8	3.3	3.8	VP-P
∆Oaj2	OSD adjust control relative characteristics2	_	_	-	1	ı	_	-	_	-					-	-							(	8.0	1.0	1.2	-
Oaj3	OSD adjust control characteristics3	OUT	а	b SG6	b SG6	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					80	н								0	0.1	0.5	VP-P
∆Oaj3	OSD adjust control relative characteristics3	-	-	_	ı	-	-	-	-	-					-	-							(	8.0	1.0	1.2	-
VthOSD	OSD input threshold voltage	OUT	а	b SG6	b SG6 Variable	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					08	Н							:	2.2	2.7	3.2	٧
VthBLK	OSD BLK input threshold voltage	OUT	b SG1	b SG6 Variable	а	b SG5	а	а	2.0	5.0					00	н							:	2.2	2.7	3.2	٧
HBLK1	Retrace BLK characteristics1	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	b SG7	а	2.0	5.0						0F 1	H 5							1.7	2.0	2.3	V
HBLK2	Retrace BLK characteristics2	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	b SG7	а	2.0	5.0						06	SH S						(	0.7	1.0	1.3	V
HBLK3	Retrace BLK characteristics3	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	b SG7	а	2.0	5.0						00							(	0.1	0.4	0.7	V
VthRET	Retrace BLK input threshold voltage	OUT	а	а	а	b SG5	b SG7 Variable	а	2.0	5.0	V					08	BH B		$\downarrow$	V	ı,			1.0	1.5	2.0	V
SS-NV	SOG input maximum noize voltage	SonG IN Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4 Variable	2.0	5.0									•	,				0	0.01	0.02	VP-P
SS-SV	SOG minimum input voltage	SonG IN Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4 Variable	2.0	5.0														0.2	0.3	-	VP-P
VSH	Sync output hi level	Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4	2.0	5.0													4	4.5	4.9	5.0	V
VSL	Sync output lo level	Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4	2.0	5.0							1							0	0.3	0.6	٧
TDS-F	Sync output delay time1	Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4	2.0	5.0														0	60	90	ns

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (cont.)

		Test				Input			C volt	TL age				В	US	СТ	L (H	H)					Limits	;	
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	2,6,11 RGB in	1 OSD BLK	4,9,13 OSD in	19 CP in	27 ReT BLK	7 SOG in	30 Bri- ght	15 ABL	00H Main cont	01H Sub cont 1	02H Sub cont 2	03H Sub cont 3	04H OSD Adj	05H BLK Adj	06H D/A OUT 1	07H D/A OUT 2	D/A D/A OUT 3	09H D/A OUT 4	0BH INT EXT	Min.	Тур.	Мах.	Unit
TDS-R	Sync output delay time2	Sync OUT	а	а	а	а	а	b SG4	2.0	5.0												0	60	90	ns
VOH	D/A H output voltage	D/A OUT	а	а	а	а	а	а	2.0	5.0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	00H 0	00H 0	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	FFH 255	00H 0	4.5	5.0	5.5	VDC
VOL	D/A L output voltage	D/A OUT	а	а	а	а	а	а	2.0	5.0							00H 0	00H 0	00H 0	00H 0		0	0.5	1.0	VDC
IAO	D/A output current range	D/A OUT	а	а	а	а	а	а	2.0	5.0							Vari abl e	Vari abl e	Vari abl e	Vari abl e		-1.0	-	0.4	mA
DNL	D/A nonlinearity	D/A OUT	а	а	а	а	а	а	2.0	5.0	V	V	V		V	<b>\</b>	Vari abl e	Vari abl e	Vari abl e	Vari abl e	V	-1.0	-	1.0	LSB

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TEST METHOD**

#### Icc1 Circuit current1

Measuring conditions are as listed in supplementary Table. Mesured with a current meter at test point IA.

#### Icc2 Circuit current2

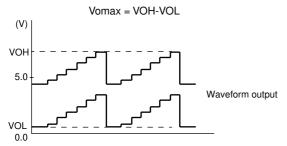
Measureing conditions are as listed in supplemtary Table. Measured with a current meter at test point IB.

#### Vomax Output dynamic range

Decrease V30 gradually, and measure the voltage when the bottom of waveform output is distorted. The voltage is called VCL.

Next, increase V30 gradually, and measure the voltage when the top of waveform output is distorted. The voltage is called VOH.

Voltage Vomax is calculated by the equation below:



#### Vimax Maximum input

Increase the input signal (SG2) amplitude gradually, starting from 700mV<sub>P-P</sub>. Measure the amplitude of the input signal when the output signal starts becoming distorted.

## Gv Maximum gain

Input SG1, and read the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The amplitude is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Maximum gain Gv is calculated by the equation below:

Gv=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT}}{0.7}$$
 (dB)

#### ∆Gv Relative maximum gain

Relative maximum gain  $\Delta Gv$  is calculated by the equation bellow:

 $\Delta$ Gv= VOUT (29)/VOUT (32), VOUT (32)/VOUT (35), VOUT (35)/VOUT (29)

#### Vc1 Main contrast control characteristics1

Measureing the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Main contrast control characterics Vc1 is calculated by the equation bellow:

$$Vc1=20Log \frac{VOUT}{0.7} (dB)$$

#### △Vc1 Main contrast control relative characteristics1

Relative characteristics  $\Delta Vc_1$  is calculated by the equation bellow:

ΔVc1=VOUT (29)/VOUT (32), VOUT (32)/VOUT (35), VOUT (35)/VOUT (29)

### Vc2 Main contrast control characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\ensuremath{\text{Vc1}}.$ 

#### ∆Vc2 Main contrast control relative characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta \text{Vc1}.$ 

#### Vc3 Main contrast control characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\ensuremath{\text{Vc1}}.$ 

#### ΔVc3 Main contrast control relative characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta V \text{C1}. \label{eq:delta-cond}$ 

#### Vsc<sub>1</sub> Sub contrast control characteristics1

Measur the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Sub contrast control characteristics Vsc1 is calculated by the equation below:

Vsc1=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT}}{0.7}$$
 (dB)

#### ∆Vsc₁ Sub contrast control relative characteristics1

Relative characteristics  $\Delta Vsc1$  is calculated by the equation below:

#### Vsc<sub>2</sub> Sub contrast control characteristics<sub>2</sub>

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\ensuremath{\text{Vsc1}}$ .

#### AVsc<sub>2</sub> Sub contrast control relative characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta \text{Vsc1}.$ 

#### Vsc3 Sub contrast control characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in Vsc1.

#### ∆Vsc₃ Sub contrast control relative characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta \text{Vsc1}.$ 

#### VMSC Main/sub contrast control characteristics2

Measure the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Main/Sub contrast control characteristics VMSC1 is calculated by the equation below:

VMSC1=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT}}{0.7}$$
 (dB)

#### ∆VMSC Main/sub contrast control relative characteristics2

Relative characteristics  $\Delta VMSC1$  is calculated by the equation below:

#### **ABL1 ABL control characteristics1**

Measure the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35), and is ttreated as ABL1.

#### ∆ABL1 ABL control relative characteristics1

Relative characteristics  $\Delta ABL1$  is calculated by the equation below:

#### ABL2 ABL control characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in ABL1.

#### △ABL2 ABL control relative characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta ABL1.$ 

#### V<sub>B1</sub> Brightness control characteristics1

Measure the DC voltage at OUT (29, 32, 35) with a voltmeter. The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35), and is ttreated as VB1.

#### ∆V<sub>B1</sub> Brightness control relative characteristics1

Relative characteristics  $\Delta V_{B1}$  is calculated by the difference in the output between the channels.

#### VB2 Brightness control characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\ensuremath{\text{VB1}}.$ 

### $\Delta \text{V}_{\text{B2}}$ Brightness control relative characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta V_{\text{B1}}.$ 

#### VB3 Brightness control characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $V_{\text{B1}}$ .

#### ∆VB3 Brightness control relative characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta V_{\text{B1}}.$ 

#### Fc1 Frequency characteristics1 (f=50MHz)

First, SG3 to 1MHz is as input signal. Input a resister that is about  $2k\Omega$  to offer the voltage at input pins (2, 6, 11) in order that the bottom of input signal is 2.5V. Control the main contrast in order that the amplitude of sine wave output is 4.0VP-P. Control the brightness in order that the bottom of sine wave output is 2.0VP-P. By the same way, measure the output amplitude when SG3 to 50MHz is as input signal. The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Frequency characteristics Fc1 (29, 32, 35) is calculated by the equation below:

### △Fc₁ Frequency relative characteristics1 (f=50MHz)

Relative characteristics  $\Delta Fc1$  is calculated by the difference in the output between the channels.

#### Fc1' Frequency characteristics1 (f=150MHz)

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in Fc1, expect SG3 to 150MHz.

#### △Fc1' Frequency relative characteristics1 (f=150MHz)

Relative characteristics  $\Delta Fc1'$  is calculated by the difference in the output between the channels.

#### Fc2 Frequency characteristics2 (f=150MHz)

SG3 to 1MHz is as input signal. Control the main contrast in order that the amplitude of sine wave output is 1.0VP-P. By the same way, measure the output amplitude when SG3 to 150MHz is as input signal.

The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Frequency characteristics Fc2 (29, 32, 35) is calculated by the equation below:

#### △Fc₂ Frequency relative characteristics2 (f=150MHz)

Relative characteristics  $\Delta Fc2$  is calculated by the difference in the output between the channels.

#### C.T.1 Crosstalk1 (f=50MHz)

Input SG3 (50MHz) to pin2 only, and then measure the waveform amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Crosstalk C.T.1 is calculated by the equation below:

C.T.1=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT (29, 32)}}{\text{VOUT (35)}}$$
 (dB)

#### C.T.1' Crosstalk1 (f=150MHz)

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in C.T.1, expect SG3 to 150MHz.

#### C.T.2 Crosstalk2 (f=50MHz)

Input SG3 (50MHz) to pin6 only, and then measure the waveform amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Crosstalk C.T.2 is calculated by the equation below:

C.T.2=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT (29, 35)}}{\text{VOUT (32)}}$$
 (dB)

#### C.T.2' Crosstalk2 (f=150MHz)

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in C.T.2, expect SG3 to 150MHz.

#### C.T.3 Crosstalk3 (f=50MHz)

Input SG3 (50MHz) to pin11 only, and then measure the waveform amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35). Crosstalk C.T.2 is calculated by the equation below:

C.T.3=20Log 
$$\frac{\text{VOUT } (32, 35)}{\text{VOUT } (29)}$$
 (dB)

#### C.T.3' Crosstalk3 (f=150MHz)

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in C.T.3, expect SG3 to 150MHz.

#### Tr Pulse characteristics1 (4VP-P)

Control the main contrast (00H) in order that the amplitude of output signal is 4.0VP-P.

Control the brightness (V30) in order that the Black level of output signal is 2.0V.

Measure the time needed for the input pulse to rise from 10% to 90 % (Tr1) and for the output pulse to rise from 10% to 90% (Tr2) with an active prove.

Pulse characteristics TR is calculated by the equations below:

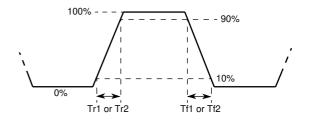
$$TR = \sqrt{[(Tr2)^2 - (Tr1)^2]}$$
 (nsec)

#### Tf Pulse characteristics2 (4VP-P)

Measure the time needed for the input pulseto fall from 90% to 10% (Tf1) and for the output pulse to fall from 90% to 10% (Tf2) with an active prove.

Pulse characteristics TF is calculated by the equations below:

$$TR=\sqrt{[(Tf2)^2-(Tf1)^2]}$$
 (nsec)



## VthCP Clamp pulse threshold voltage

Turn down the SG5 input level gradually from 5.0VP-P, monitoring the waveform output.

Measure the top level of input pulse when the output pedestal voltage turn decrease with unstable.

#### WCP Clamp pulse minimum width

Decrease the SG5 pulse width gradually from  $0.5\mu s$ , monitoring the output. Measure the SG5 pulse width (a point of 1.5V) when the output pedestal voltage turn decrease with unstable.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

#### PDCH Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics1

Measure the pedestal voltage at 25°C. The measured value is called PDC1.

Measure the pedestal voltage at temperature of -20°C.

The measured value is called PDC2.

Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics 1 is calculated by the equation below:

PDCH=PDC1-PDC2

#### PDCL Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics2

Measure the pedestal voltage at 25°C. The measured value is called PDC1.

Measure the pedestal voltage at temperature of 75°C.

The measured value is called PDC3.

Pedestal voltage temperature characteristics 2 is calculated by the equation below:

PDCL=PDC1-PDC3

#### OTr OSD pulse characteristics1

Measure the time needed for the output pulse to rise from 10% to 90% (OTR) with an active prove.

#### OTf OSD pulse characteristics2

Measure the time needed for the output pulse to fall from 90% to 10% (OTF) with an active prove.

#### Oaj1 OSD adjust control characteristics1

Measure the amplitude output at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29,32,35), and is treated as Oaj1.

#### ∆Oai1 OSD adjust control relative characteristics1

Relative characteristics  $\triangle Oai1$  is calculated by the equation below:

ΔOaj1=VOUT (29)/VOUT (32), VOUT (32)/VOUT (35),

VOUT (35)/VOUT (29)

#### Oaj2 OSD adjust control characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in Oaj1.

#### △Oaj2 OSD adjust control relative characteristics2

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta \text{Oaj1}.$ 

#### Oaj3 OSD adjust control characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in Oai1.

#### ∆Oaj3 OSD adjust control relative characteristics3

Measuring condition and procedure are the same as described in  $\Delta Oaj1$ .

#### VthOSD OSD input threshold voltage

Reduce the SG6 input level gradually, monitoring output. Measure the SG6 level when the output reaches 0V. The measured value is called VthOSD.

#### VthBLK OSD BLK input threshold voltage

Confirm that output signal is being blanked by the SG6 at the time. Monitoring to output signal, decreasing the level of SG6. Measure the top level of SG6 when the blanking period is disappeared. The measured value is called VthBLK.

#### **HBLK1 Retrace BLK characteristics1**

Measure the amplitude output is blanked by the SG7 at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35), and is treated as HBLK1.

#### **HBLK2 Retrace BLK characteristics2**

Measure the amplitude output is blanked by the SG7 at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35), and is treated as HBLK2.

#### **HBLK3 Retrace BLK characteristics3**

Measure the amplitude output is blanked by the SG7 at OUT (29, 32, 35). The measured value is called VOUT (29, 32, 35), and is treated as HBLK3.

#### VthRET Retrace BLK input threshold voltage

Confirm that output signal is being blanked by the SG7 at the time. Monitoring to output signal, decreasing the level of SG7. Measure the top level of SG7 when the blanking period is disappeared. The measured value is called VthRET.

## SS-NV SOG input maximum noize voltage

The sync's amplitude of SG4 be changed all white into all black, increase from 0VP-P to 0.02VP-P. No pulse output permitted.

#### SS-SV SOG minimum input voltage

The sync's amplitude of SG4 be changed all white or all black, decrease from 0.3VP-P to 0.2VP-P. Confirm no malfunction produced by noise.

#### VSH Sync output hi level

Measure the high voltage at SyncOUT. The measured value is treated as VSH.

#### VSL Sync output lo level

Measure the low voltage at SyncOUT. The measured value is treated as VSL.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

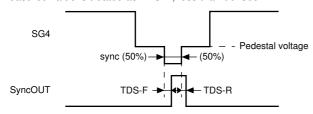
#### TDS-F Sync output delay time1

SyncOUT becomes High with sync part of SG4.

Measure the time needed for the front edge of SG4 sync to fall from 50% and for SyncOUT to rise from 50% with an active prove. The measured value is treated as TDS-F, less than 90nsec.

#### TDS-R Sync output delay time2

Measure the time needed for the rear edge of SG4 sync to rise from 50% and for SyncOUT to fall from 50% with an active prove. The measured value is treated as TDS-R, less than 90nsec.



#### VOH D/A H output voltage

Measure the DC voltage at D/AOUT. The measured value is ttreated as VOH.

#### VOL D/A L output voltage

Measure the DC voltage at D/AOUT. The measured value is ttreated as VOL.

#### IAO D/A output current range

Electric current flow from the output of D/AOUT must be less than 1.0mA.

Electric current flow in the output of D/AOUT must be less than 0.4mA.

#### **DNL D/A nonlinearity**

The difference of differential non-linearity of D/AOUT must be less than  $\pm 1.0$ LSB.

### **BUS CONTROL TABLE**

(1) Slave address

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	R/W	
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	=88H

#### (2) Each function's sub address

Function	bit	sub		D	ata byte (ı	up:bit infor	mation do	own: prese	et)	
Function	DIL	add.	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Main contrast	8	00H	A07	A06	A05	A04	A03	A02	A01	A00
Main Contrast	0	000	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub contrast R	8	01H	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12	A11	A10
Sub contrast II	0	0111	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub contrast G	8	02H	A27	A26	A25	A24	A23	A22	A21	A20
oub contrast d	0	0211	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub contrast B	8	03H	A37	A36	A35	A34	A33	A32	A31	A30
Sub contrast B	0	0311	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSD level	4	04H	_	_	_	_	A43	A42	A41	A40
OOD level	4	0411	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
RE-BLK adjust	4	05H	1	_	_	_	A53	A52	A51	A50
TIE-DER adjust	4	0311	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
D/A OUT1	8	06H	A67	A66	A65	A64	A63	A62	A61	A60
D/A 0011	0	0011	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D/A OUT2	8	07H	A77	A76	A75	A74	A73	A72	A71	A70
D/A 0012	0	0711	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D/A OUT3	8	08H	A87	A86	A85	A84	A83	A82	A81	A80
D/A 0013	0	0011	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D/A OUT4	8	09H	A97	A96	A95	A94	A93	A92	A91	A90
D/A 0014	U	0311	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pedestal clamp INT/EXT SW	1	0BH	-	_	-	_	ı	_	-	AB0
1 edesiai diamp iivi/LX1 3vv	'	UDIT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

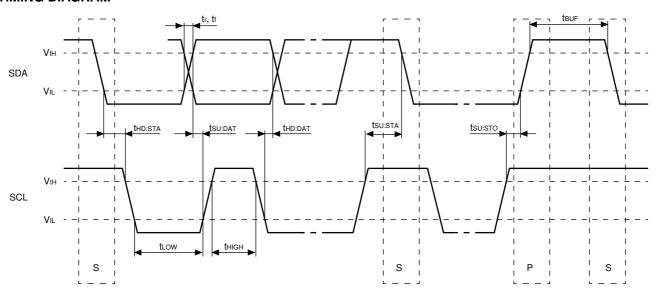
Notes) pedestal level INT/EXT SW  $0\rightarrow$ INT  $1\rightarrow$ EXT

# I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

# I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROL SECTION SDA, SCL CHARACTERISTICS

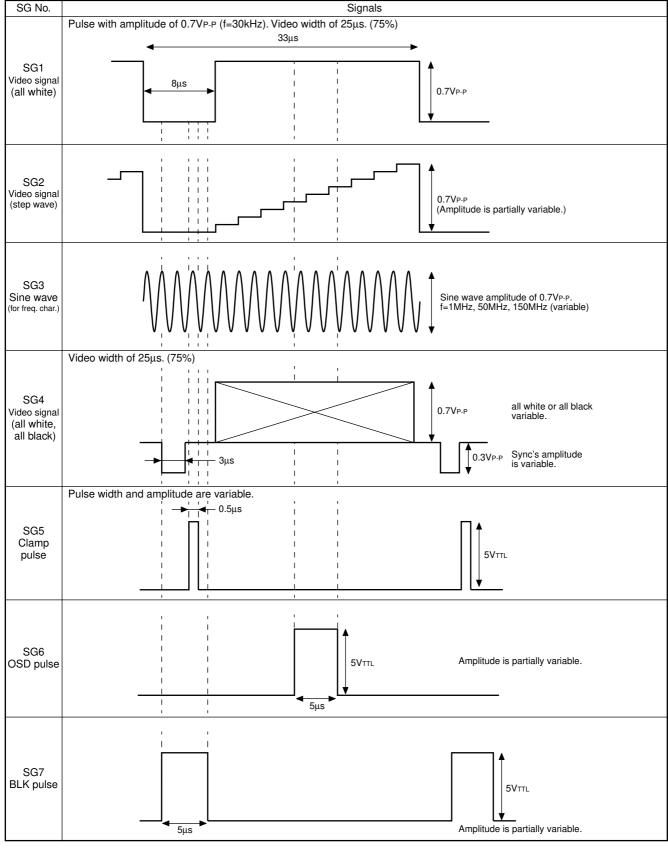
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
VIL	min. input LOW voltage	-0.5	1.5	V
ViH	max. input HIGH voltage	3.0	5.5	V
fscL	SCL clock frequency	0	100	kHz
tBUF	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	4.7	-	μs
thd:sta	Hold time start condition. After this period the first clock pulse is generated	4.0	-	μs
tLOW	The LOW period of the clock	4.7	-	μs
thigh	The HIGH period of the clock	4.0	-	μs
tsu:sta	Set up time for start condition (Only relevant for a repeated start condition)	4.7	-	μs
thd:dat	Hold time DATA	0	-	μs
tsu:dat	Set-up time DATA	250	-	ns
tr	Rise time of both SDA and SCL lines	-	1000	ns
tf	Fall time of both SDA and SCL lines	_	300	ns
tsu:sto	Set-up time for stop condition	4.0	_	μs

# **TIMING DIAGRAM**



## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

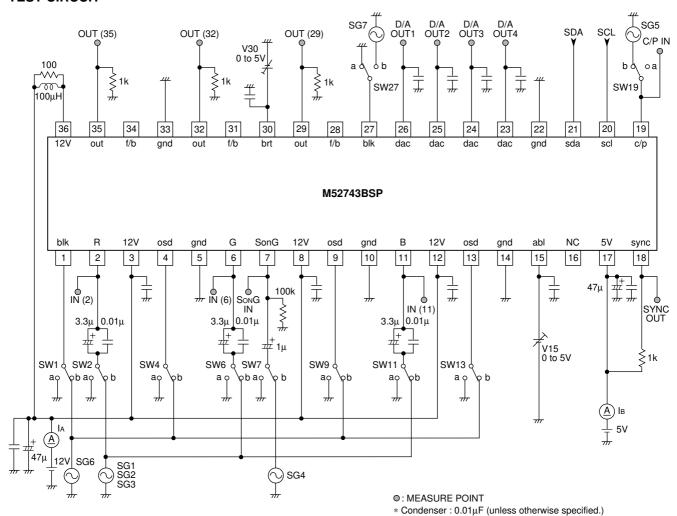
## **INPUT SIGNAL**



\*) f=30kHz

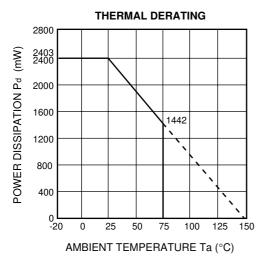
## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

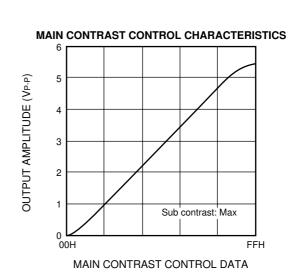
## **TEST CIRCUIT**



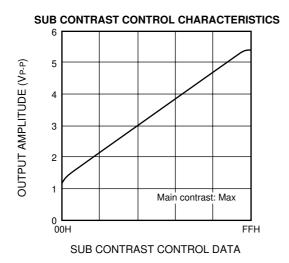
Units Resistance : Ω Capacitance : F

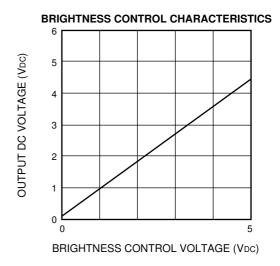
## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

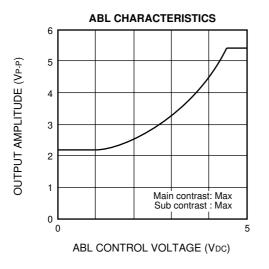


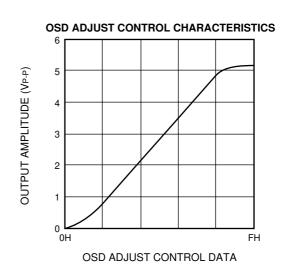


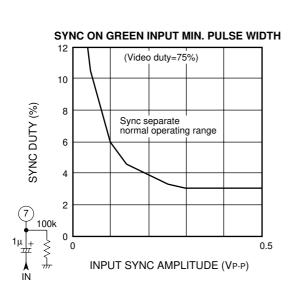
## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER



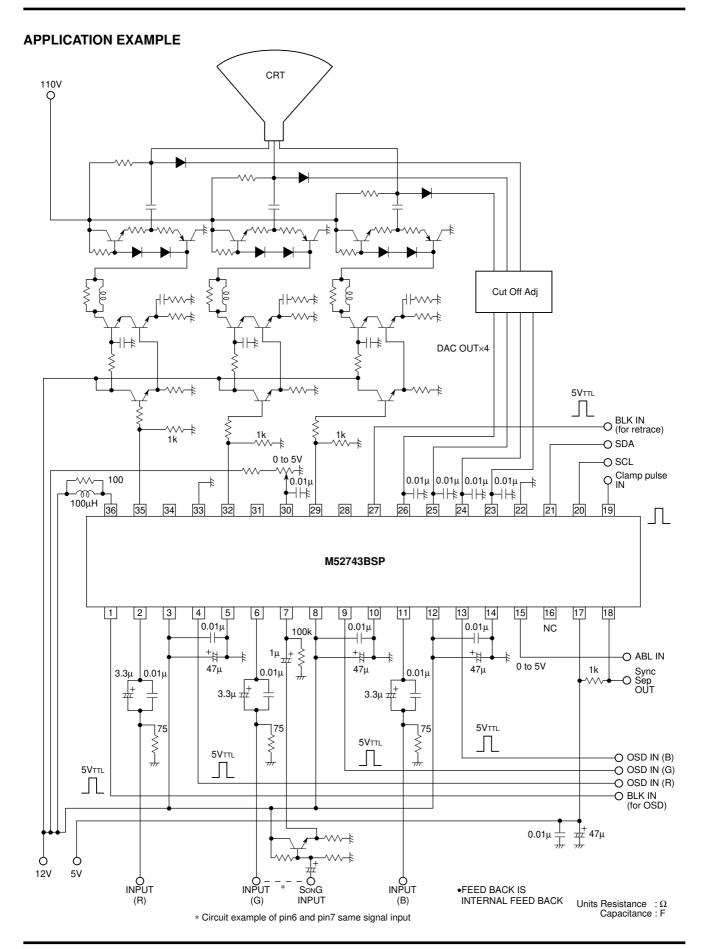








## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER



# **DESCRIPTION OF PIN**

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V )	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function
1	OSD BLK IN	_	1 B	·Input pulses  3.7 to 5V  1.7V  maximum  ·Connected to GND if not used.
2 6 11	INPUT (R) INPUT (G) INPUT (R)	2.5	2k 2k 2k 0.3mA CP 2.5V	·Clamped to about 2.5V due to clamp pulses from pin 19. ·Input at low impedance.
3 8 12	Vcc1 (R) Vcc1 (G) Vcc1 (B)	12	-	·Apply equivalent voltage to 3 channels.
4 9 13	OSD IN (R) OSD IN (G) OSD IN (B)	_	0.5mA 2.7V	·Input pulses  1.7V  maximum  ·Connected to GND if not used.
5 10 14 22 33	GND 1 (R) GND 1 (G) GND 1 (B) GND (5V) GND 2	GND	_	
7	INPUT (S on G)	When open≈2.5V	3.2V 7	SYNC ON GREEN input pin for sync separation. Sync is negative. input signal at Pin7, compare with the reference voltage of internal circuit in order to separate sync signal. When not used, set to OPEN.

# I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

# **DESCRIPTION OF PIN** (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V )	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function
15	ABL IN	When open 2.5V	2.5V 20k 1.2k 30k 0.5mA 15	·ABL (Automatic Beam Limitter) input pin. Recommended voltage range is 0 to 5V. When ABL function is not used, set to 5V.
16	NC	_	_	
17	Vcc (5V)	5	-	
18	S on G Sep OUT	-	(18)	·Sync signal output pin, Being of open collector output type.
19	Clamp Pulse IN	_	2.2V 0.15mA	·Input pulses  ——————————————————————————————————
20	SCL	-	50k \$ 3v	·SCL of I <sup>2</sup> C BUS (Serial clock line) VTH=2.3V
21	SDA	-	50k 3v 3v	·SDA of I <sup>2</sup> C BUS (Serial data line) VTH=2.3V

# I<sup>2</sup>C BUS CONTROLLED 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER

# **DESCRIPTION OF PIN** (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V )	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function
23 24 25 26	D/A OUT	-	**************************************	D/A output pin. Output voltage range is 0 to 5V, Max output current is 0.4mA.
27	Retrace BLK IN	_	50k R G B B T 2.25V	-Input pulses  2.5 to 5V  0.5V  maximum  -Connected to GND if not used.
28 31 34	EXT Feed Back (B) EXT Feed Back (G) EXT Feed Back (R)	Variable	35k \$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	_
29 32 35	OUTPUT (B) OUTPUT (G) OUTPUT (R)	Variable	50	·A resistor is needed on the GND side. Set discretionally to maximum 15mA, depending on the required driving capacity.
36	VCC2	12 Impressed	——————————————————————————————————————	·Used to supply power to output emitter follower only.
30	Main Brightness	-	35k \$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	It is recommended that the IC be used between pedestal voltage 2V and 3V.

#### **APPLICATION METHOD FOR M52743BSP**

#### CLAMP PULSE INPUT

Clamp pulse width is recommended

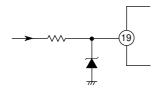
above 15kHz, 1.0µsec

above 30kHz, 0.5µsec

above 64kHz, 0.3µsec.

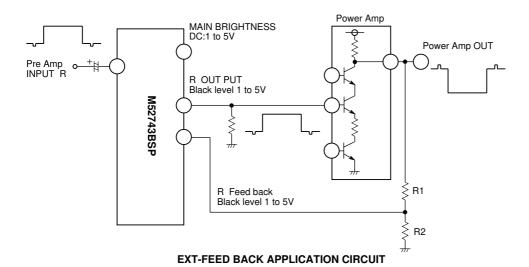
The clamp pulse circuit in ordinary set is a long round about way, and beside high voltage, sometimes connected to external terminal, it is very easy affected by large surge.

Therefore, the Fig. shown right is recommended.



#### **EXT-FEED BACK**

In case of application circuit example of lower figure, Set up R1, R2 which seems that the black level of the signal feedbacked from Power AMP is 1V, when the bottom of output signal is 1V.

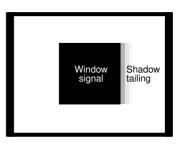


## NOTICE OF APPLICATION

- · Make the nearest distance between output pin and pull down resister.
- · Recommended pedestal voltage of IC output signal is 2V.

### **TAILING**

That case recommends use of M52743BSP.



SCREEN

This datasheet has been download from:

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Datasheets for electronics components.